

Strengthening Cabinet Operations in Sub-Saharan Africa:

Role of the Africa Cabinet Government Network

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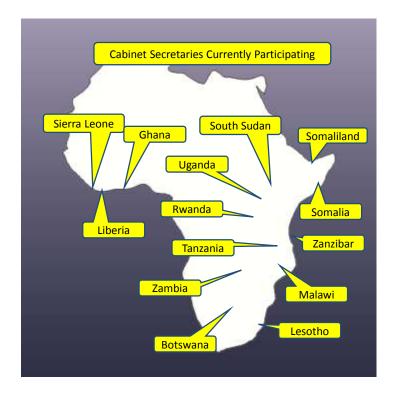
Outline

- 1. Description of ACGN
- 2. Drivers
- 3. Activities
- 4. Achievements
- 5. Success factors
- 6. Challenges

ACGN

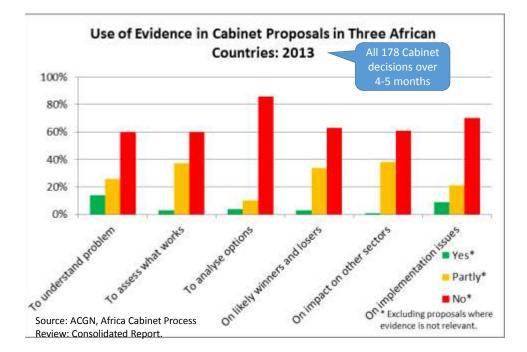
- 1. Voluntary organisation of Cabinet Secretariats
- 2. Purpose: to provide formal and informal opportunities for mutual support and sharing practical experience, as well as technical assistance
- 3. Support and advice on government decision-making processes not on the content of specific policies
- 4. Governed by Council of African Cabinet Secretaries
- 5. Registered in Sierra Leone as an International Non-Government Organisation.

"Supporting inclusive, evidence-informed decisions by African Governments"



Drivers

- 1. Decisions not implemented often < 50%
 - Desire to improve quality of proposals to Cabinet
- 2. Complex problems requiring coordinated coherent policies often whole of government
 - Building broad government ownership
- 3. Analysis of Cabinet process data
 - Assessment Tool on use of evidence.





- 1. Annual Roundtable Meetings of Cabinet Secretaries
 - Addis 2014; Accra 2015; Lilongwe 2016; ??? 2017
 - Issues: relationships with Presidents/Ministers; transitions; decision-making in crises; effective Cabinet Committees; processes for draft laws



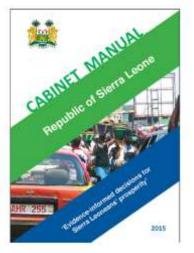
Activities (cont)

- 2. Technical support for new Cabinet procedures
 - Standard formats for proposals; Cabinet liaison networks; Standing Committees; Policy Review Units
- 3. International training workshops for policy analysts
 - Kigali 2014; Accra and Entebbe 2015; Zanzibar 2016
 - Exercises; African case studies; statistics; policy levers; behavioural responses; thinking fast and slow; formative and summative testing
- 4. Work experience
- 5. On-line policy toolkit
- 6. Guide on stakeholder engagement.



Achievements

- New evidence-focused procedures
 - Cabinet Manual developed and implemented in Sierra Leone
 - \circ Also in Liberia and South Sudan



[&]quot;..... the biggest change in Cabinet decision-making procedures since independence in 1961"

Dr Ernest Surrur, Secretary to the Cabinet and Head of the Civil Service, Sierra Leone.

Achievements (cont)

- 100% compliance with new SL evidence-focused format; regular meetings of standing committees
- Successful training programs for line Ministry staff in SL & Liberia – demonstrated through testing
- Effective Cabinet Focal Person Networks: SL; Lib: S.Sudan
- Substantial access to policy toolkit
 1175 new users from 44 African countries; 253 accessed toolkit
- Increased demand for evidence, especially in SL
- "we have had a paradigm shift in how Cabinet makes decisions. There really is now an 'evidence culture' in Cabinet." (SL Cabinet Secretary)
- Evidence-informed decisions eg National Lands Policy; Tourism Policy; Shipping Register; Medical training
- Measurable increase in evidence in SL Cabinet proposals.



Increased use of evidence in strategic Cabinet proposals: Sierra Leone: 2013-2016

Success factors

- 1. Research into Cabinet processes
 - To motivate, focus and track reforms
- 2. International support from practitioners and peers
 - Experienced and trusted advisers; strict confidentiality
 - African experience; driven by peers
- 3. Focus on institutional processes, not just training
 - Creating top-down demand for evidence
- 4. Working through Cabinet Secretariats eg training
- 5. Mainstream institutions to maximize sustainability
 - Last SL Cabinet Manual lasted >50 years; civil service exams.

Challenges – past and present

- 1. Getting Presidents to focus on processes
- 2. Policy capacity in line Ministries
- 3. International advisers
- 4. Personnel turnover
- 5. Expanding membership to Francophone Africa
- 6. Attracting funding for international activities.

Further information:

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